

ORMISTON SIX VILLAGES ACADEMY



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Attendance Policy

Approved by Principal: July 2025 **Review Date:** July 2026



Ormiston Academies Trust

Ormiston Six Villages Academy Attendance policy

Policy version control

Policy type	Statutory	
Author In consultation with	Paul Hyde, Education Director (West and South) Education team, Inclusion Team, Principals, Academy Attendance Champions	
Approved by	National Leadership Group, 3 June 2025 Education Committee, 11 June 2025	
Approved by Trust Board	10 July 2025	
Release date	July 2025 (for implementation from 1 September 2025)	
Review	July 2026 (for implementation from 1 September 2026)	
Description of changes	New policy in line with DfE statutory guidance which applies from 19.08.24	



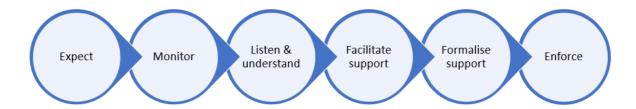
Contents

1.	Policy statement	. 4
2.	Legislation and guidance	. 4
3.	Attendance and punctuality expectations	. 4
4.	The academy day	. 5
5.	Authorised and unauthorised absences	. 6
6.	Reporting a child's unplanned absence	. 8
7.	Reporting a child's planned absence	. 9
8.	Leave of absence during term time	. 9
9.	Key contacts for attendance	. 9
10.	Following up unexplained absence	12
11.	Safeguarding	12
12.	Promoting and rewarding good attendance	13
13.	Attendance monitoring	13
14.	Reducing persistent and severe absence	14
15.	Legal intervention	15
16.	National framework for penalty notices	15
17.	Supporting children with specific needs	16
18.	Part time timetables	16
19.	Roles and responsibilities	17
20.	Additional guidance and legislation	18



1. Policy statement

- 1.1. Improving attendance is everyone's business. Every child of compulsory academy age is entitled, by law, to receive full-time education and it is the legal responsibility of every parent to make sure their child attends school. Attending school regularly is not only essential for them to achieve well in their learning but it also helps them with their social and emotional development and overall well-being. Attending school regularly gives children the best opportunity to have wider and better life chances.
- 1.2. The academy recognises that some children find it harder than others to attend school. The academy will always seek to work in partnership with parents to understand any barriers to attendance and provide support to address these. Small dips in attendance can lead to more significant attendance difficulties that are harder to overcome. Therefore, the academy will always intervene early to understand the needs of children and families and put the right support in place as soon as attendance falls below the expected standard.
- 1.3. The academy will **expect** high standards of attendance, **monitor** attendance data, **listen** to children and parents to **understand** barriers, provide **support**, formalising it when necessary, and **enforce** attendance through statutory intervention, only when all other avenues have been exhausted.



2. Legislation and guidance

- 2.1. This policy meets the requirements of the Department for Education's (DfE) statutory guidance on attendance: Working Together to Improve School Attendance. Links to other relevant legislation and guidance can be found at Section 20.
- 2.2. A child must start full time education once they reach **compulsory school age**. This is on the 31st December, 31st March or 31st August following their fifth birthday whichever comes first. A child can leave full time education on the last Friday in June if they will be 16 by the end of the school summer holidays. They must then do one of the following until they are 18:
 - stay in full-time education, for example at a college.
 - start an apprenticeship or traineeship.
 - spend 20 hours or more a week working or volunteering, while in part-time education or training

3. Attendance and punctuality expectations

3.1. This academy expects children to be in school, on time, every day unless they are too ill to attend or have an authorised absence. Attendance is often reported as a percentage. The following table shows how percentages equate to the number of days and lessons lost each year, how this would be graded and the type of support that would be put in place:



Attendance %	Academy days missed per year	Number of lessons missed per year	Attendance grading	Possible action
100%	0	0	Outstanding	-
98%	4	20	Very good	-
96%	7	25	Good	Academy monitoring
95%	10	50	Almost there	Academy support
94%	11	55	Improvement needed	Academy support
90%	20	100	Concern	External support/referrals
80%	29	145	Serious concern	External support / referrals / penalty notices

3.2. When a child arrives late to academy, even by a few minutes, they miss an important part of the academy day, which can include learning time, assemblies and teacher instructions. Children can feel embarrassed at having to enter the classroom late and it can disrupt the learning of others. This table shows how frequent lates can add up to a significant amount of lost learning:

Minutes late per day	Academy days lost per year	Number of lessons lost per year
5 minutes	3	15 lessons
10 minutes	6	30 lessons
15 minutes	9	45 lessons

4. The academy day

4.1. The following table sets out the times of the academy day:

Be on the premises by	8.17am	Child should wait in the courtyard for roll call
Start of the academy day	8.20am	Child should be in tutor group line up for start of roll call
Morning register begins at	8.20am	Child receives a 'late' (L) mark if absent when the register starts but arrives before the register closes
Morning register closes	8.50am	Child receives an 'unauthorised absence' (U) mark if they arrive after the register closes
Afternoon register begins at	12.10pm	Child receives a 'late' mark if absent when the register starts but arrives before the register closes



Afternoon register closes	1.10pm	Child receives an 'unauthorised absence' mark if they arrive after the register closes
End of the academy day	2.50pm	

5. Authorised and unauthorised absences

5.1. 'Authorised absence' means that the academy has either given approval in advance for a pupil of compulsory school age to be away from the school or has accepted an explanation offered afterwards as justification for absence. Please see codes below and the DfE's Working together to improve school attendance guidance for more information.)

	Authorised absence	
C1	Absent to participate in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad.	Authorised absence
C2	Pupil of compulsory school age is absent due to a part- time timetable agreed by the parent and the school	Authorised absence
С	Absence agreed by the school due to an exceptional circumstance	Authorised absence
E	Suspended or permanently excluded and no alternative provision made	Authorised absence
1	Illness (physical and/or mental health related)	Authorised absence
J1	Absence agreed by the school to attend an interview for employment or for admission to another educational institution	Authorised absence
М	Absence agreed by the school for medical/dental appointment	Authorised absence
Р	Approved sporting activity	
R	Day set aside for religious observance	Authorised absence
Т	A mobile child (child of no fixed abode) who is travelling with their parent for their trade or business	Authorised absence
V	Educational visit or trip	Authorised absence
W	Work Experience	Authorised absence
Χ	Non-compulsory school age pupil not timetabled to attend	Authorised absence

5.2. Pupils taken ill during the academy day

If a pupil needs to be sent home due to illness, this should be by agreement with an appropriately authorised member of academy staff. In such circumstances, the pupil must be collected from the academy office by a parent/carer or another authorised adult (unless otherwise agreed between the school and the parent/carer) and signed out by reception or other member of staff. No pupil will be allowed to leave the academy site without parent/carer confirmation.

5.3. Religious observance

The academy acknowledges the multi-faith nature of the academy community and recognises that religious festivals sometimes fall outside of academy holidays or weekends.



- In accordance with the law, the academy will authorise one day's absence for a day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parent/carer belongs this will be marked with the R code. In line with the DfE's Working together to improve school attendance guidance, if necessary, the academy will seek advice from the parent/carer's religious body, about whether it has set the day apart for religious observance.
- Parents/carers should notify the academy in advance that their child will be absent for religious observance, so that the academy knows whether to expect the pupil into school or not.
- If a parent/carer would like their child to be absent for an additional day, around a religious observance, they should contact the academy. The academy will consider each application individually taking into account the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind the request. If additional absence is authorised, this will be marked with the C code.
- The academy will ensure a pupil is not penalised for absence due to days of Religious Observance, for example if using attendance rewards.
- 5.4. Mobile pupil parent travelling for occupational purposes

A mobile child is a child of compulsory school age who has no fixed abode and whose parent(s) is engaged in a trade or business of such a nature as to require them to travel from place to place.

- The academy will authorise the absence of a mobile child who is unable to attend school because they are travelling with their parent in the course of their trade or business. This is subject to certain limits, depending on the child's age and number of sessions absent. The school will discuss cases individually with parents as necessary. Parents should let the school know of their plans as far in advance as possible.
- The academy will not unnecessarily ask for proof that a parent is travelling for occupational purposes, this will only happen when there are genuine and reasonable doubt about the authenticity of the reason for absence given. If there is doubt, the school may ask for proof that the family are required to travel for occupational purposes during the period of absence.
- To help ensure continuity of education for mobile children, when their parents are travelling for occupational purposes in England, wherever possible it is expected that children should attend a school where their parents is travelling and be dual registered at that school and at this academy, which is their 'main school'.
- The T code, which is an authorised absence, will be used when mobile children are known to be travelling for occupational purposes, but it is not known whether the child is attending another educational provision.
- When their parents are not travelling occupational purposes, mobile children are subject to the same rules as other children in terms of the requirement to attend school regularly.
- 5.5. Unauthorised absence is where the academy is not satisfied with the reason given for the absence, or where no reason has been provided. Please see codes below and the DfE's Working together to improve school attendance guidance for more information.)



	Unauthorised absence	
G	Holiday not granted by the school.	Unauthorised absence
N	Reason for absence not yet established.	Unauthorised absence
0	Absent in other or unknown circumstances.	Unauthorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed (where an	Unauthorised absence
	authorised absence code does not apply).	

- 5.6. Unauthorised absence includes (but is not limited to) absences due to:
 - Reasons which have never been properly explained to the academy
 - Arriving at the academy after the register has closed. (Although late arrival for a reason such as a medical appointment will usually be an authorised absence – see section 7 for more information.)
 - Birthdays
 - Waiting at home for something to be fixed, or a parcel to be delivered
 - Parent/carer's or sibling's illness (unless very exceptional circumstances apply and have been agreed in writing by the academy)
 - Day trips, other than those organised by the academy
 - Holidays in term time (unless exceptional circumstances are agreed in writing, in advance, by the academy)
- 5.7. Where the academy has genuine and reasonable doubt about the actual reason for a pupil's absence, staff may seek additional information or evidence from parents/carers regarding the absence, and/or make a home visit in to verify the reason. If the reason cannot be verified and the academy has cause to believe the reason given for absence may not be genuine, parents/carers may be asked to provide satisfactory evidence of the reason. If satisfactory evidence is not provided, the school may record the absence as unauthorised.
- 5.8. Unauthorised absences may result in legal intervention, usually penalty notices or prosecutions. See 'Penalty notices, prosecutions and education supervision orders' section for more information.

6. Reporting a child's unplanned absence

- 6.1. If a child is absent, parents must:
 - Contact the academy as early as possible, but before 8.20am, on the first day of absence. The telephone number to report an absence is: 01243 546854, or by email to osva attendance@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
 - Call every day thereafter to advise the academy of the child's progress.
 - Send a note in on the first day of the child's return with a reason for the absence (even if a telephone explanation has been given) or call into the academy in person and ask to speak with a member of staff.
- 6.2. Absence due to physical or mental illness will be marked as authorised unless the academy has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness. Where there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the academy will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription or note from a pharmacist, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. The academy will not ask for medical evidence without good reason.



6.3. If the academy is not satisfied about the authenticity of illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised, and parents notified of this.

7. Reporting a child's planned absence

- 7.1. Wherever possible, all appointments should be made outside of the academy day. If this is not possible, parents should ensure that children are out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary e.g. if an appointment can only be arranged for 11am, a child should be in the academy both before and after the appointment.
- 7.2. Planned absences for appointments should be reported to the academy as far in advance as possible by email to osva_attendance@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk or phone 01243 546854.

8. Leave of absence during term time

- 8.1. In accordance with the DfE's <u>Working together to improve school attendance</u>, there are very limited circumstances where the academy will grant a leave of absence during term time. These are:
 - Taking part in a regulated performance or employment abroad
 - Attending an interview
 - A temporary, time limited part-time timetable (see section 18)
 - Exceptional circumstances: the academy may grant a leave of absence for exceptional circumstances at their discretion. This must be requested in advance by a parent who the child normally lives with. The academy will consider each application individually taking into account the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind the request. If a leave of absence is granted, it is for the academy to determine the length of time the child can be away from the academy.
- 8.2. The law does not grant parents/carers the automatic right to take their child out of school during term time for holidays or other absence such as trips and visits. The academy will not authorise any leave of absence in term-time unless satisfied the reason for absence is exceptional. The academy will consider each application individually. A leave of absence is granted entirely at the academy's discretion. Parents/carers should not make plans to take their child out of school without making a request to the school first and the school gives permission for the absence. The request should be made by the parent/carer with whom the child normally lives.
- 8.3. Leave of absence will not be granted for a child to take part in protest activity during academy hours.

9. Key contacts for attendance

9.1 All academy staff are responsible for monitoring and supporting good attendance. However, the following members of staff provide specific oversight of attendance and/or can provide support to parents and children:



		Can	
Role	Name	support	Contact details
		with:	
Senior	Mr Tim Kidd	Support for	tkd@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
Attendance		ongoing	
Champion		serious	
		attendance	
		issues such	
		as chronic ill	
		health,	
		working to	
		reintergrate	
		students	
		who are	
		returning to	
		mainstream	
A	Miss France Harris	education	
Academy Attendance	Miss Emma Howell	Day to day reasons for	osva_attendance@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
Administrator		absence	
Form tutors	70 Mr K Baxter	Form tutors	kbr@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
1 omit tators	7R Miss E Aldis-	should be	eas@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Hobbs	the first	pjn@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	7M Ms P Jackson	point of	aml@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	7S Mr A Mitchell	contact for	jessicarojas@ormistonsixvilaages.org.uk
	7T Mrs J Rojas	any	
		concerns	won@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	80 Mr W Owen	that may	rrl@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	8R Mr R Rondel	lead to	mcr@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	8M Miss M Carter	absence so	eln@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	8S Mrs E Larkin/Miss	that they	ecs@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	E Clements/Mrs J	can be addressed	jme@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk smh@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	McHale	proactively.	Simi@ormstonsixvillages.org.uk
	8T Mr S Melhuish	proactivety.	mde@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	90 Mr M Dacombe		sr@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	9R Mrs G Taylor		
	9M Miss S Mamara- Salter		<pre>yne@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk</pre>
	9S Mrs Y Neame		kwm@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	9T Miss K Wickham		
	J. WILLIAM		dor@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	100 Mr D O'Connor		ims@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk lmy@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	10R Mr I Markatatos/		my wormstonsixvillages.org.uk
	Mrs L May		ers@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	10M Miss E Ralls/		ecs@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Miss E Clements		dlo@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	10S Miss D Leo		ngn@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	10T Mrs N Gavin		



		Can	
Role	Name	support	Contact details
		with:	
			cmh@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	110 Mr C Marsh		nse@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	11R Mrs N Sheldrake/		sme@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Mrs S Moodie		Ims@ormistonsixvillages.or.uk
	11M Mrs L Sutton/		ecs@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Miss E Clements		phe@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	11S Mr P Hoare/		sme@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Mrs S Moodie		loo@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	11T Mr L O'Connor		
Directors of	Miss Donna	Peer issues,	dth@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
Learning	Trembath	conflict	emx@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Ms Emma Molineaux-	between	mme@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Inglis	students or	lmy@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	Mr Michael	initial	dmt@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
	McConville	concerns	
	Mrs Louise May Mr Daniel Munt	about any issue that	
	Mir Daniet Munt	may lead to	
		emotionally	
		based	
		school	
		avoidance	
		(EBSA)	
Designated	Mr Tim Kidd	First point of	tkd@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
safeguarding		contact for	
lead		any	
		attendance issues that	
		relate to	
		safeguarding	
		or wellbeing	
Assistant	Ms Emma Barber	Any absence	ebr@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
Principal -		issue that	
SENCO		relates to	
		SEND needs	
Senior mental	Ms Emma Barber	Point of	ebr@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk
health lead		contact in	
		relation to issues that	
		relate to	
		mental	
		heath and	
		potential	
		absence	



Role	Name	Can support with:	Contact details
Pastoral lead	Mrs Lauren Bromley	Students who are working with the behaviour team that may affect their attendance	lbe@ormistonsixvillages.org.uk

10. Following up unexplained absence

- 10.1. Where any child the academy expects to attend does not, or stops attending, without reason, the academy will:
 - In Touch email, text and/or call the child's parent on the first morning of the first day of unexplained absence to find out the reason. At least two points of contact must be given to the academy for this purpose. If the academy cannot reach any of the child's emergency contacts, the academy may carry out a home visit.
 - If after three days of absence the child has not been seen and contact has not been made with the academy, all reasonable enquiries will be made by the academy to establish contact with the parent of the child, including making enquiries to known friends and extended family. In addition, a home visit will be made by the Attendance Administrator, Senior Attendance Champion and/or director of learning to check the safety and wellbeing of the child and to find out the reason for absence.
 - Children whom the academy assesses as being at greater risk of harm will receive safe and well checks on each day of absence. If a child has a social worker, the academy will notify them on the same day of any absence.
 - Where a child has not returned to the academy for ten days after an authorised absence or is absent without authorisation for twenty consecutive academy days, they are considered to be 'Children Missing Education (CME)' (see Children Missing Education). The child may be removed from the academy admission register when the academy and local authority have failed, after jointly making reasonable enquiries, to establish the whereabouts of the child.

11. Safeguarding

11.1. Lack of consistent or regular attendance, erratic attendance or persistent and severe absence or children missing education (CME) are safeguarding issues and must act as a warning sign to a range of possible concerns including neglect, sexual abuse or child criminal exploitation (CCE) and serious violence. They may also be an indication of child-on-child abuse including bullying and sexual harassment or significant mental ill health concerns. They must not be seen as purely isolated attendance concerns.



- 11.2. Where children have or have had a social worker or need safeguarding, this will inform decisions about safeguarding support.
- 11.3. The academy is responsible for the safeguarding of children placed in alternative provision and for monitoring their attendance at alternative provision. This will follow the same process as for children attending the mainstream setting.

12. Promoting and rewarding good attendance

- 12.1 The academy recognises that rewarding good and improved attendance should be carefully considered, to ensure it does not make pupils who have poor attendance, feel marginalised, worried or guilty about their low attendance rate, its impact on the pupil's own learning or the learning or rewards for the class as a whole.
- 12.2. The rewards used to acknowledge good and improved attendance at Ormiston Six Village Academy include:
 - Certification, positive Satchel One points and material rewards at the end of every term, positive phone calls home and weekly rewards for improvements
- 12.3 The academy promotes good attendance to parents through:
 - Emails, texts, letters, phone calls home; induction information, newsletters and leaflets, attendance
 policy, website, drop ins, reporting of attendance on academic reports, weekly rewards for 100% weekly
 attendance
- 12.4 The academy will regularly review any reward systems to ensure they are not negatively impacting on individual pupils or groups of pupils.

13. Attendance monitoring

- 13.1. The academy will use attendance data to identify any patterns of poor attendance so that barriers can be identified at the earliest opportunity and support put in place to prevent any issues worsening.
- 13.2. Weekly attendance will be monitored and analysed to see if there are any patterns or trends in the data that need further investigation and targeted support will be provided. The analysis will be shared with relevant staff e.g. class teachers, form tutors, heads of year, SENCO, designated safeguarding lead (DSL) who will be expected to explore any issues with individual children and provide appropriate support.
- 13.3. The attendance of groups of children (e.g. year groups, boys and girls, children with Special Education Needs and/or Disabilities (SEND)), will be monitored and analysed by the academy at least half termly, termly and annually across the academy. This data will be compared with local, regional and national levels to identify any areas of focus for improvement, and a report shared with the governing body.



14. Reducing persistent and severe absence

- 14.1. Persistent absence (PA) is when a child misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence (SA) is when a child misses 50% or more of school. For both PA and SA, the absence can be for both authorised and unauthorised reasons or a mixture of both.
- 14.2. PA and SA will always be regarded as a significant concern. Absence for whatever reason disadvantages a child by creating gaps in their learning. It also means they miss out on important aspects of social and emotional development that contribute to their overall wellbeing and can be an indication of a safeguarding risk.
- 14.3. The academy will use attendance data to identify those children who are **at risk of becoming PA** and intervene early to identify barriers to good attendance. Strategies may include:
 - Conversations, praise and incentives, swift absence follow up, phone, email or letter communication, home visits, meetings, attendance contracts
- 14.4. If a child meets the threshold for **persistent absence**, the academy will work in partnership with parents and the child to agree a voluntary early help plan. This may include referrals to and support from external services. Strategies may include:
 - Conversations, praise and incentives, swift absence follow up, phone, email or letter communication, home visits
 - Working with the child, e.g. Attendance focus group
 - Working with the family, e.g. Phone call, email, meeting, letter, home visit
 - Attendance contract
 - Referral warning
 - Accessing wider support, e.g. Early Help
 - Working with healthcare professionals to maintain excellent attendance
 - Referral to Pupil Entitlement: Investigations for legal intervention
- 14.5. If a child meets the threshold for **severe absence**, the academy will intensify its support strategies. This will include referrals to and support from external services. Strategies may include:
 - Conversations, praise and incentives, swift absence follow up, phone, email or letter communication, home visits
 - Working with the child, eg. identifying barriers to attendance, reasons for absence, attendance focus group
 - Working with the family, eg. phone call, email, scheduled attendance meetings, home visit, attendance contract
 - Accessing wider support, eg. Early Help, social care and support for well being and emental health if necessary
 - Referral to Pupil Entitlement: Investigations for legal intervention
- 14.6. Children who are persistently or severely absent will be prioritised for support. The academy understands that absence is often a symptom of wider issues a family is facing and will always seek to understand these barriers and provide support. Where that is not successful, or is not engaged with, the law protects children's right to an education and provides a range of legal interventions to formalise attendance improvement efforts. In addition, individual cases may be referred to Children's Social Care. Attendance legal intervention will only be used as a last resort and after all other avenues have been exhausted.



15. Legal intervention

This diagram sets out how the academy may progress to legal interventions once all other support strategies have been exhausted. In making any decision to use legal interventions, the academy will always consider the individual circumstances of a family on a case-by-case basis.

Voluntary support Working in partnership with pupils and parents to support in school, helping parents to access services of their own accord and/or a voluntary whole family plan to tackle barriers to attendance. Formal support Attendance Statutory children's prosecution social care A formal attendance involvement contract agreed between Where all other routes the pupil, parent, school have failed or not Where there are Improved attendance deemed appropriate the safeguarding concerns and/or local authority. and an Education case may be considered Progressing to a legally for a penalty notice in Supervision Order is not binding Education appropriate or has not Supervision Order in the Framework or been successful, the Family Court if there is attendance prosecution non-engagement and in the Magistrates Court considered for s.17 or deemed necessary s.47 statutory social care intervention.

Improved attendance

Providing support first before attendance legal intervention

- 15.2. In some circumstances, the academy may feel it is appropriate to use an attendance contract. An attendance contract is a formal written agreement between a parent and either the academy or the local authority. It is not legally binding but allows a more formal written agreement to support where a voluntary early help plan has not worked. An attendance contract is intended to provide support and offer an alternative to prosecution. Further details on attendance contracts can be found in Working together to improve school attendance.
- 15.3. If an attendance contract is agreed but the parent does not comply with its contents, the academy and local authority may proceed to an alternative course of action including legally binding interventions and ultimately a prosecution. Again, this will always be a last resort after every attempt has been made to secure engagement.

16. National framework for penalty notices

- Penalty notices can be issued to parents as an alternative to prosecution where a child's absence is recorded as unauthorised and that absence(s) constitutes an offence. Penalty notices can only be issued by the Principal, someone authorised by them, a local authority officer or the police.
- While there is a national threshold for when it is appropriate to issue a penalty notice, the academy has a duty to consider each case individually in deciding whether this is an appropriate course of action.
- 16.3. The national threshold is 10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks. A school week means any week in which there is at least one school session. This can be met with any



combination of unauthorised absence (e.g. 4 sessions of holiday taken in term time plus 6 sessions of arriving late after the register closes all within 10 school weeks). These sessions can be consecutive (e.g. 10 sessions of holiday in one week) or not (e.g. 6 sessions of unauthorised absence taken in 1 week and 1 per week for the next 4 weeks). The period of 10 school weeks can also span different terms or school years (e.g. 2 sessions of unauthorised absence in the Summer Term and a further 8 within the Autumn Term).

- 16.4. A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification during the first 5 days of a fixed period or permanent exclusion.
- 16.5. In deciding whether to issue a penalty notice, the academy will consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether this is the best tool to improve attendance or whether alternatives may be more appropriate. They will also consider any obligations under the Equality Act 2010 such as when the child has a disability.

Students attending other educational settings (AP etc)

Parents reporting absence at AP – systems and processes of the school still apply.

17. Supporting children with specific needs

- 17.1. Many children will experience normal but difficult emotions that make them nervous about attending school, such as worries about friendships, schoolwork, examinations or variable moods. It is important to note that these children are still expected to attend school regularly in many instances, attendance at school may serve to help with the underlying issue as being away from school might exacerbate it, and a prolonged period of absence may heighten anxious feelings about attending in future.
- 17.2. If a child has an education, health and care plan (EHCP), the academy will communicate with the local authority where a child's attendance becomes a concern.

18. Part time timetables

- 18.1. In very exceptional circumstances, where it is in a child's best interests, there may be a need for the academy to provide a child of compulsory school age with less than full-time education through a temporary part-time timetable to meet their individual needs. For example, where a medical condition prevents a child from attending school or another setting full-time, and a part-time timetable is used to help the child access as much education as possible and as part of a reintegration package.
- 18.2. A part-time timetable should not be used to manage a child's behaviour.
- 18.3. Part-time timetables will be in place for the shortest time necessary and, unless there are exceptional circumstances, last no longer than 6 weeks. Formal written reviews will take place at least fortnightly and will include the child, parents and other professionals as appropriate.
- 18.4. The Principal (or another member of the senior leadership team authorised by them) will agree all part-time timetables. A lead member of staff with responsibility for monitoring the part -time timetable will



be agreed, and they will provide information and updates to other relevant members of staff in the academy e.g. SENCO, DSL, pastoral team, as well as liaising closely with parents and the child.

- 18.5. A written agreement/plan between the academy, the child and the parent will be drawn up. It will record the details of the timetable including the proposed end date and responsibilities for safeguarding and review dates. Records of all review meetings will be added to the plan.
- 18.6. Where the child has a social worker, the academy will keep them informed and involved in the process.
- 18.7. If the child has an EHCP, the academy will discuss the part time timetable with the local authority so that any support package that is in place can be reviewed as swiftly as possible.

19. Roles and responsibilities

- 19.1. The trustees and governors are responsible for:
 - Promoting the importance of school attendance across the trust and academy policies and ethos
 - Making sure academy leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties
 - Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data
 - Monitoring attendance figures for the whole trust and academy
 - Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance
 - Holding the principal to account for the implementation of this policy
- 19.2. The principal is responsible for:
 - Implementation of this policy at the academy
 - Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
 - Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual children
 - Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
 - Issuing penalty notices, where necessary
- 19.3. The senior attendance champion is responsible for:
 - Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance
 - Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
 - Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence
 - Using absence data to track and monitor whole school attendance and identify children or cohorts that require support
 - Devising strategies to address poor attendance and remove any barriers
 - Building relationship with parents and external agencies to discuss and address attendance issues
 - Creating intervention and reintegration plans in partnership with children, parents and external agencies
 - Delivering targeted intervention and support to children and families
- 19.4. The attendance officer is responsible for:
 - Completing the daily attendance register
 - Carrying out first day calls and subsequent daily absence calls



- Co-ordinating safe and well checks and home visits
- Monitoring and analysing attendance data
- Benchmarking attendance data against local, regional and national data to identify areas of focus for improvements
- Providing regular attendance reports to academy staff and reporting concerns to the senior attendance champion and principal
- Working with the local authority to address persistent or severe absence
- Advising the principal or other authorised leader when to issue penalty notices
- Attendance related correspondence
- Administration of absence requests

19.5. Class teachers/form tutors are responsible for:

- Recording attendance on statutory AM and PM registers and lesson registers on a daily basis
- Regularly reviewing attendance data and implementing any agreed strategies when there is a concern

19.6. Reception staff are responsible for:

- Signing in students arriving late to school with reason for lateness and time of arrival and recording on the system
- Taking calls from parents about absence on a daily basis and liaising with the attendance administrator
- Transferring calls from parents to an appropriate member of staff who can provide them with more detailed support on attendance, e.g. Attendance administrator, director of learning, senior attendance champion

19.7. Parents are responsible for:

- Making sure their child attends the academy every day on time
- Calling the academy to report their child's absence before 08.20 on the first day of absence and each subsequent day of absence
- Providing the academy with at least 2 emergency contact numbers for their child
- Ensuring that, wherever possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the academy day
- Only requesting a leave of absence in advance and only for exceptional circumstances
- If appropriate, inform and work with the academy to address any issues with attendance at the earliest opportunity

19.8. Children are responsible for:

- Attending school every day on time
- Attending every timetabled session on time

20. Additional guidance and legislation

20.1. Relevant legislation

- The Education Act 1996 and 2002
- The Children Act 1989
- The Education and Inspections Act 2006



- The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2004
- The Education (Parenting Contracts and Parenting Orders) (England) Regulations 2007
- The Education (Penalty notices) (England) Regulations 2007, as amended
- The Education (Information about individual pupils) (England) Regulations 2013
- The Children and Young Persons Act 1933 and 1963
- The Equality Act 2010

20.2. Relevant government guidance

- Children Missing Education
- Keeping children safe in education and Working together to safeguard children [update to latest versions]
- Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years
- <u>Elective Home Education</u>
- Alternative provision: statutory guidance for local authorities
- Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England
- Supporting pupils at school with medial conditions
- Arranging education for children who cannot attend school because of health needs
- Promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges
- Preventing and tackling bullying
- Providing remote education